

Shallow-water model

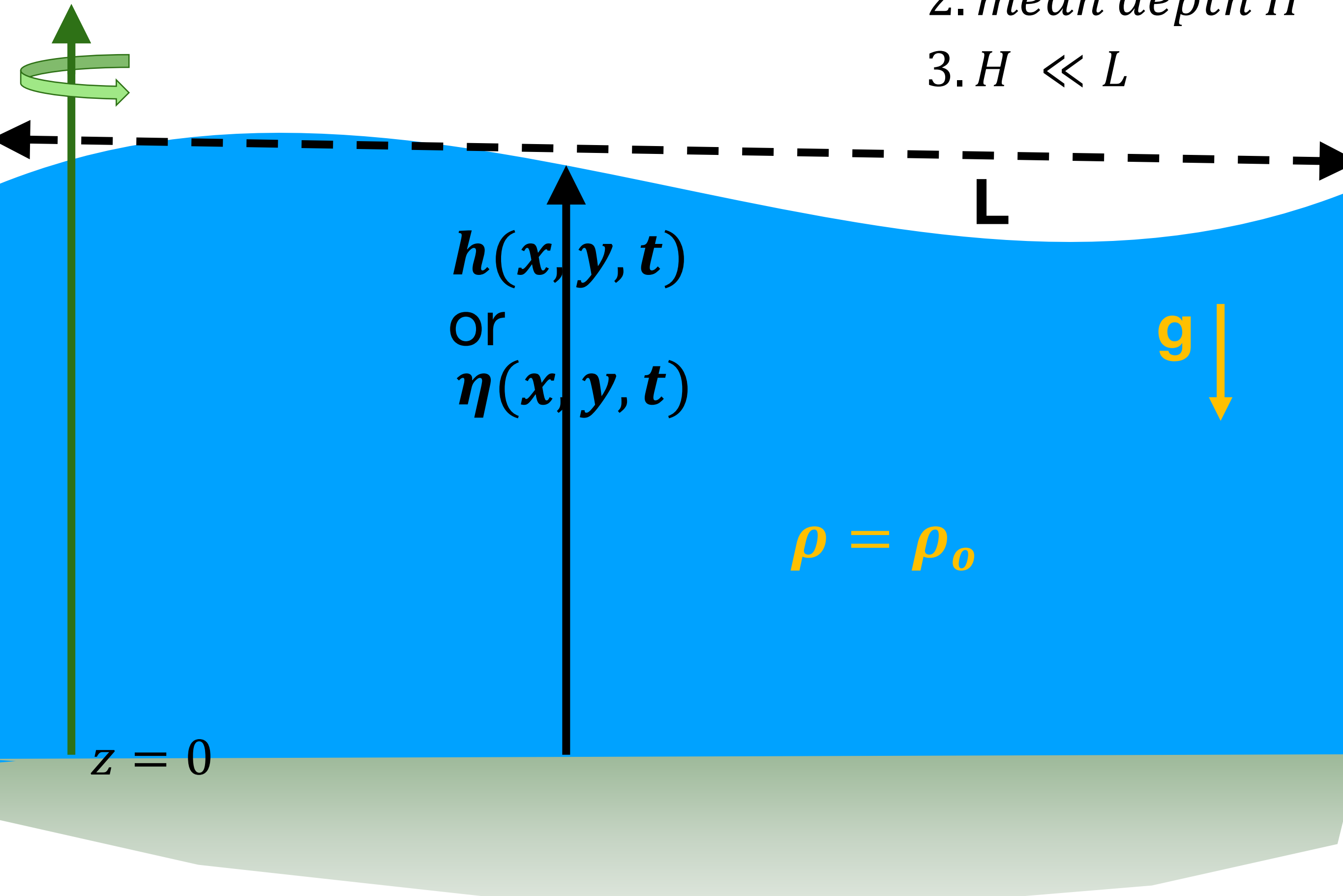
Applies to both ocean and atmosphere

$$2\Omega = f$$

$$1. p = p_o \text{ at } z = h$$

$$2. \text{mean depth } H$$

$$3. H \ll L$$



$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{dp}{dz} = -\rho g$$

$$\int_z^h dp = - \int_z^h \rho g dz$$

$$P(x, y, h) = p_0$$

$$p(h) - p(z) = -pg(h, z)$$

$$p(z) = p_0 + pg(h, z)$$

$$\frac{\partial p}{\partial x} = \rho g \frac{\partial h}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{\partial p}{\partial y} = \rho g \frac{\partial h}{\partial y}$$

Not a
function
of
z

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + u \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + v \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \text{ für}$$

$$= -g \frac{\partial h}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} - u \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + fu$$

$$= -g \frac{\partial h}{\partial y}$$

$$\int (1) dz,$$

$$\int_{h_B}^z \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right) dz = \int_{h_B}^z \frac{dw}{dz} dz$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right) (z - h_B) - w(h_B) - w(z)$$