

## Constants

$$R_d = 287 \frac{J}{deg\ kg}$$

$$R_v = 461 \frac{J}{deg\ kg}$$

$$R^* = 8.3143 \frac{J}{deg\ mol}$$

$$\epsilon = 0.622$$

$$\Gamma_d = 9.8 \frac{^{\circ}C}{km} = \frac{g}{c_p}$$

$$\frac{R}{c_p} = 0.286$$

$$c_p = 1004 \frac{J}{deg\ kg}$$

$$c_v = 717 \frac{J}{deg\ kg}$$

## Equations

$$p = \rho R T$$

$$pV = nR^*T$$

$$p = \rho R_d T$$

$$e = \rho_v R_v T$$

$$dq = dw + du$$

$$p_{sfc} = \int_0^\infty (g\rho) dz$$

$$p(z) = p(o)e^{\frac{-Z}{H}}$$

$$H = \frac{RT}{g_o}$$

$$\theta = T \left( \frac{p_o}{p} \right)^{\frac{R}{cp}}$$

$$Z_2 - Z_1 = \left( \frac{R_d}{g_o} \right) \int_{p_2}^{p_1} T_v \frac{dp}{p}$$

$$\frac{dp}{dz} = -\rho g$$

$$e = p \left( \frac{w}{\epsilon+w} \right)$$

$$w_s = \left( \frac{e_s}{P-e_s} \right) \simeq \epsilon \frac{e_s}{p}$$

$$T_v = \frac{T}{1-\left(\frac{\epsilon}{p}\right)(1-\epsilon)} = T(1+0.61w)$$

$$RH = 100 * \frac{w}{w_s} = 100 * \frac{e}{e_s}$$

$$\ln \frac{e_s}{6.11mb} = \frac{L}{R_v} \left( \frac{1}{273} - \frac{1}{T} \right)$$

$$\frac{L}{R_v} = 5422\ deg$$